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THE BRANDON MAIL.

VOL VI. NO. 51.

BRANDON, MAN., THURSDAY DECEMBER 5, 1889.

FIVE CENTS

MILLER & COMPANY. CLOTHIERS.

Are giving Special Attention this week to

BOYS' CLOTHING

We have 100 Suits to chose from. Something the Boys need.

A PAIR OF BUCKSKIN MITTS GIVEN WITH
EVERY SUIT OF BOYS' CLOTHING.

ALL SIZES IN BOYS' UNDERWEAR.

Can fit a Giant with a Suit of Underwear.

10 DOZ. CAPS RECEIVED THIS WEEK.

All kinds, Seal, Otter, Persian and Russian Lamb, Dog, Coy, Mink, Wool and Cordurys.

MEN'S HEAVY ULSTERS,

Genuine Blizzard Foolers, with Storm Collars, from \$8 up.

GLOVES, MITTS, SHIRTS, TIES IN GREAT VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY. LANGHAM HOTEL, RE-OPENED.

Here we Shine, showing 5 or 6 Lines in Natural Wool
and Cashmere.

We have Pants to fit the Tallest Man in Manitoba.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

Cor. 9th Street and Rosser Ave., South Side.

COLE & SANDERS' OLD STAND.

MILLER & CO.

GRAND SUCCESS. EVERYBODY PLEASED.

THE GREATEST DISSOLUTION SALE EVER HELD IN BRANDON.

STROME & WHITELAW,

Large Bundles of Goods, leaving our stores daily. Our business in the Bræsides Block has been a marvel--swarmed with customers every day, and the cash-carrier at the store, corner 9th st. and Rosser Ave., has been as busy as a bee. All those who have not had the opportunity to avail themselves of bargains, should call as soon as possible, as the rush is getting larger. Hundreds and hundreds of yards of Dress Goods are being sold daily at 5cts per yard, at 10cts per yard and 15 cents per yard, worth a great deal more than double. When we make a noise we make it effectual and we have, without doubt, goods at such prices that cannot help but make a speedy sale. Remember this is a genuine dissolution sale, Mr. Whitelaw retiring from the Dry Goods business, and our enormous stock must, must, must be reduced. Clothing, Clothing at Rock bottom prices. Remember the leading houses in the city, where bargains are general. Go straight to the Leading Houses, and beat the paths still harder.

STROME & WHITELAW, Bræsides Block.

STROME & WHITELAW & Co.

COR 9th STREET & ROSSER AVE.

P. S. Remember all Carpets at Cost, and some below cost. Immense stock to choose from.

DALY & COLDWELL,
BARRISTERS, &c.
Solicitors for the Imperial Bank of Canada.
MONEY TO LOAN.

DR. DICKSON,
DENTIST,
Office over Fleming's Drug Store, entrance on
Main Street, between 9th and 10th Aves.
Anesthesia administered for Painless Extraction
of Teeth.
JOHN DICKSON, D.L.

S. W. MCINNIS,
Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College,
Successor to E. E. Doering, Dentist,
Office, Corner of 9th Street and Rosser Avenue,
for Painless extraction of Teeth,
Teeth without Plates. Office always open.

DR. SPENCER,
M.D., University McGill, Montreal.
Member of the Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons of Quebec and Manitoba.
Office and Hospital, Tent Street, Brandon.

DR. L. A. MORE,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
McMinn's Work, Bridge Plate & Speculations
Rosser Ave. and 10th St., Brandon.

W. H. SHILLINGLAW, SURG. & SO. C.E.,
ARCHITECT.

Office Over Northern Pacific & Man. Railway
BRANDON, MANITOBA.

J. H. BROWNLEE, D.L.S.,
SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER,
Mineral Work, Bridge Plate & Speculations
Rosser Ave. and 10th St., Brandon.

JNO. P. CURRAN,
Barister, Attorney, Notary, &
Clerk, Brandon.

Farms for Sale, Money Lent on Chattel
Mortgages and Improved Farms at lowest
current rates of interest.

DR. W. NEALON,
PHYSICIAN.

Under New management and a thorough re-
fitting, furnished with everything new, the
above Hotel will be Reopened and is now
ready to receive guests.

SPECIAL RATE TO COMMERCIAL MEN.

HOT AND COLD WATER BATHS.

The House is heated by Steam throughout.

THE BUSSES MEET ALL TRAINS.

MANITOBA
DETECTIVE POLICE AGENCY.

Crime Investigated, Property Recovered, Pro-
perty Found and Criminals Punished.

Business Quietly and Legally Transacted.

J. B. FOSTER, Manager.

PO Box 15.

Report adopted.

DR. COLDWELL wanted to know if the
owners of Rollerink were fixing the exit
according to by-law.

CITY COUNCIL

Present the Mayor, A. Kelly, Russell,
T. E. Kelly, Flumerfelt and Coldwell.
Minutes of last regular meeting read
and adopted.

COMMISSIONERS

From city solicitor reclosing streets,
enclosing a letter from Mr. Ewart, O. C.
on the subject, also powers of the city to
grant a bonus to build a bridge.

Mr. Ewart's opinion was that the Ry.
Co. should put up a deposit for a reason-
able time, and also give an agreement to
sustain the city against any loss in closing
the streets.

The letters were left to the order of
members.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

That the following accounts be paid:
E. L. Christie, \$ 7.50
C. Cliffe, 60.29
Official pay sheet, 49.14
Sun. Office, 2.80

An account from G. Fraser, revising
officer, of \$82.00 for printing voters' list,
was ordered to be paid.

That school Board be paid \$2,000. Re-
port adopted.

THE WATER & LIGHT

That the following accounts be paid:
Brandon Express Co., \$ 8.65
W. W. Wilson, 1.00

E. C. Patterson, 10.00
E. C. Patterson, 1.25

Smith & Sharp, 18.00

The report was adopted.

BOARD OF WORKS

That the following accounts be paid:
J. D. Bowley, \$ 8.15

Mac & Durhan's accounts be referred
to council.

Moved and seconded, that this account
be referred back to the committee.

J. H. Hughes \$72.42 and other ac-
counts not entitled to be referred back
to committee as chairman was not pre-
sent.

Wm. Kehler, 20.70

That R. McKechnie's certificate be not
paid until certain ditches be levelled up.

That the letter from Wm. Pitt be
filed.

That the agreement with poundkeeper
be referred to council.

R. H. Ho. M. Smart's letter.

That Clerk be instructed to forward
certificates. Report adopted.

LICENSE & POLICE

Report of chief of police be tyed.

That accounts of:

P. C. Duncan, \$ 8.20

J. O. Burke, 4.00

be paid.

Report adopted.

DR. COLDWELL wanted to know if the
owners of Rollerink were fixing the exit
according to by-law.

GRISWOLD

Alex. Spies has carpenters at work on
his new building, which is intended for a
store and hotel. The building when com-
pleted will cost \$5,000 and will be a credit
to Mr. Spies an Griswold.

Sam'l English is building a house and
shop, where he went on a shooting ex-
cursion. He met with great success.

Mr. Good report the land in that part
second to none in Manitoba.

Spies press hard to get all the reg-
ular news and the farmers, Mr. Jones,
Johns, as of the Man. Manufac-
turing Company, reports having taken
about 100 replies already.

A number of the members of the Pres-
byterian church accompanied by the choir
met at the home of Mrs. W. H. Floyd on
Thursday evening last to show their
appreciation of her services as organist
during the past summer and fall and in a
very suitable manner conveyed to her
their great acknowledgement of her
valuable services by presenting her with
a purse containing about \$50 and an
address which is very eloquent. Seven
Mrs. Hogg presenting her with the

same. Mrs. Boyd was completely taken
by surprise, not expecting anything of the
kind, as it is always a pleasure to her
to render her assistance to others, the in-
terests of her church as she has always
done in the past. Mrs. Boyd made a
very suitable reply and was invited to a
dinner after which a very enjoyable even-
ing was spent.

Mrs. L. Kent, who for some
time has been a member of the Congregational
church choir of Winnipeg, and her many
friends there will be pleased to know that
her labours there thus appreciated and she
is held in such high esteem by her many
friends there.

A NIGHT ALARM

Two weeks ago, said my little boy, we
had water pipes but couldn't break
them because they were frozen. Yellow
water came out of them and the pipes
were broken. We were sleeping quiet
and when we awoke the pipes were completely
burst.

—
MARKETS

Wheat is coming in slowly this week.
A large quantity of beef and pork is
being marketed.

Wheat 40.00

Ones 45

Barley 40

Hay (boxed) 1.00

Feed 1.00

Pork 40.00

Meat 4.25

Lamb 4.00

Bacon 1.00

Eggs 1.00

Chickens dressed 6.00

Turkey and game 1.00

Do. bacon 1.00

Potatoes 10.00

—

We understand the Brandon meeting
was not decided whether the
will hold the year or not. Arrangements

for the use of the building remained but
no date or money was set yet, been

responsible.

OAK LAKE

The chief population of the Oak Lake

district is English, Scotch and Irish with

a few Scandinavians. About 5 miles to

the South of the village there is what

is known as the French settlement,

an occasional Belgian and Dutchman comes

in and settles with them and as the latter

speak the French language they get along

very well together. There are however

the cases exception to the general

rule that the French speaking settlement

of two families got their "black up" so to

speak, all about a dog and not a valuable

one either but an ordinary working cow

such as one often meets with running

out of farm houses as he drives past.

It appears in this case that the dog belonged

to a Frenchman named A. Leveque

before the trowsers of the Belgian named

J. Nicolas Moenig and when the latter

passed that way which was two days afterwards,

he took a gun with him to shoot

the dog if he again attacked him.

The Frenchman seeing him coming ordered

him off and told him that the trail was

through his land, and he had no right to

pass this way, and also told him "he had

better go back to Belgium and pay his

debts, that he was only a robber anyway."

This so exasperated the Belgian that he

replied if he did not shut up his mouth

he would take the scalp of him.

The Frenchman immediately reported to Oak

Lake Magistrates for redress, and laid an

information that the Belgian had threat-

ened his life and that he had so intimidat-

ed him that he could not go about his busi-

ness. When the trial came up, John Horne and

Wm. McFarlin, Justices of the Peace,

who after hearing the evidence, remitted the

costs amounting to \$18. There were

several witnesses, and the evidence was

somewhat conflicting, but enough was

elicited to show conclusively that the Bel-

gian was the most injured party of the two.

When the result of the case became known to the crowd assembled, they

commenced to cheer, which was quickly

suppressed by the court.

The weather during the past week has

been remarkably mild and spring like.

Mr. Alfred Andrews, a very popular

Minister, preached in Oak Lake last Sun-

day morning to a very well filled church.

Mr. D. H. Hodges, Presbyterian Minis-

ter, preached in the afternoon in their own

church to a large and appreciative congre-

gation. As usual Mr. Hodges wears well

and is gaining rapidly in the estima-

tion of all who have the privilege

of listening to his very able sermons. He

is also otherwise a very painstaking man

and does all he can to further the inter-

ests of his large congregation.

Mr. Quayle preached in the evening to a

well filled church.

The remains of Dr. Harvey who died on

Friday last night at his home were

conveyed to Oak Lake on Sunday morn-

ing previous to being buried by his son.

—

NOMINATION FOR COUNCIL OF GLENSWOOD FOR 1890.

Reeve, Wm. Smith and Richard

Staples.

Ward 1. Geo. Kerr by acclamation.

Ward 2. R. E. Hopkins by acclama-

tion.

Ward 3. E. J. Read also by acclama-

tion.

Ward 4. Geo. Stotts and Geo. Mc-

Collough.

—

NOMINATION FOR COUNCIL OF OAKLAND FOR 1890.

THE BRANDON MAIL.

THE BRANDON MAIL.

TERMS: \$2.00 per annum, if paid within three months of date of subscription, or \$2.50 per annum, if paid in advance. No issue will be delivered until all arrears are settled.

ADVERTISEMENTS: A liberal cash commission will be allowed to persons willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Freight advertisements, such as **By Rail**, **By Water**, **By Land**, **By Air**, &c., \$1.00 a line for first insertion, and 50c. a line for each subsequent insertion.

Special rates for Commercial and Permanent Advertising. Write for terms.

Sold unopened notices of Wanted, Lost, Found, etc., no more than four lines, \$1.00 each insertion.

Advertisements unanswered by specific reply will be sent with a reasonable time limit ordered out.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications intended for insertion should be written on one side of the paper only.

Correspondents are requested to return rejected copy.

Correspondents must invariably send their name and address, confidentially, but not necessarily for publication.

G. CLIFFE.

Publisher and Proprietor.

The Brandon Mail.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1889.

With the local government intend to withdraw the schools of the province is a great commotion. Mr. Martin says the government, or rather he himself, intends to institute a system purely secular. The Brandon Sun, which is Mr. Smart via Mr. A. M. Peterson, desires that the government does not intend to abolish separate schools, and Mr. Greenway says each member of the government speaks for himself, so far as the brotherly love in the family. However, where there is so much fuss it is safe to assume there is something in the wind. If we had any advice to offer in the matter it would be that Mr. Martin should ascertain from some constitutional authority, how far provincial legislation may be effected on the subject, and by this means avoid some of the fatal mistakes he fell into in his N. P. Railway legislation. On reading will remember that on that question when Mr. Martin thought he had accomplished all he desired by a provincial act, he had accomplished nothing that he was then forced to secure a Federal Charter for his railway *retroactive* in its effects to cover every step taken since the inception of the scheme, in other words all the blunders he had made up to that day. Does he want to repeat the same thing with variations in the school question? If not he had better just ascertain how far provincial legislation may be effected in carrying out his designs and then go the length of his tether. This, at least, would be the more sensible course. It is we may say, in this connection, safe to say that if Martin's legislation is glaringly outrageous simply to tempt the Federal government it will not be disallowed at Ottawa, but at the same time morally certain it will be withdrawn into the courts, that it validity may be fully tested in view of the rights conceded to denominational schools by the constitution. If then Mr. Martin would only take proper advice before he passes his legislation as to what the constitution will allow him to do which would readily be seen will himself a lot of trouble and mortification and the country a lot of expense. We frankly admit it is to the interest of the country as a whole those should be but one language and one system of schools in the province, but as there are apparently allowed by the constitution, the better plan is to ascertain the least expensive and the most successful method of securing the uniformity desired before an attempt to secure it is ventured upon.

Would it not be well for the "Liberals" of Manitoba to take a lesson from the utterances of the Liberals of bygone days, if they will take none from the experience of every day observation. They never tire denouncing the Federal government for not reducing the national debt, after the fashion of the United States. They say from their utterances, at least, it would be better for the Federal government to give the provinces less subsidies, and let the people take money that is worth ten to twelve per cent, to them, to pay taxes, when the Federal government can borrow money for the same purpose at three per cent. But why won't they take a lesson from the utterances of the old Liberals? One of the chief accusations that led to the defeat of the Sandfield government was that of Mr. Blake, that it was gross incapacity to found up many words to the government, but 4 per cent., while the people of Ontario were forced to pay 10 and 12 per cent for the money to make local improvements. If Mr. Blake was right then, why are not his contentions applicable to the present time? Why we say are the Federal government to be censured for spending money costing them but 3 per cent for public improvements, which is borrowed by the people themselves for the same purpose would cost three or four times that rate? Are Liberals as foolish as to repudiate the best propositions of their best men for party partisan purposes?

AFFAIRS AT BRITAIN.

There is considerable of a misunderstanding between Lieutenant Governor Royal, of the Territories and his "House of Assembly," and it is not self evident that the subsequent steps taken by both or either are the best possible in the interests of the country. The form of government in force in the country, is of course primitive, partly responsible, and partly the reverse and the difficulty appears to arise out of the efforts put forth by the chief ruler and his assistants in the endeavor to harmonize the working of the double elements. The Assembly consists of 21 members all of whom but four or five are elected by the people and that number are chosen by the Federal government as it is presumed out of the ablest men in the country to legalize the Bills introduced by the other representatives of the province. That is one good feature of the representation, one that we may say is sadly needed in Manitoba.

In the main the chief difference between the Governor and the assembly lies in the allegation of the former that because the government is not responsible in form in its entirety the house should not have the control of the Finances, and that he and he alone should direct the expenditure of all moneys coming from Federal sources, while the assembly objects to the most part should control the territorial revenues only. There might be some reason to support this contention but for the intervention of a Federal Act passed some two or three sessions ago. That Act provides for the selection by the assembly not by the Lieutenant Governor, or it remained of an advisory Board of the representatives and with his Honor "On motion of Finance." It does not need much in the way of reasoning leaving the inference in the eye of the law that all matters are recent, and this view is further supported from the fact that for a session or two they were consulted on all. Because they have not been consulted on all such, one or two of the Boards tendered their resignation to the assembly, and others were selected who felt inclined to work at His Honor's self control of a portion of those monies, until goaded by the aspirations of the assembly they also felt constrained to withdraw eventually. This occasioned a deadlock, the assembly being without supplies and indefinitely suspending or otherwise being impeded for. In their desperation the assembly wired a memorial to Ottawa, asking for relief but worded in such a form as to seem a desire for a full provincial form of government, and this is the mistake on their part. What they really require is a continuation of the state of things that formerly existed, a mutual agreement between Advisory Board and Lieutenant Governor, as to the appropriation of all monies, and in their zeal they have gone to an extreme that we feel confident will not be supported by the people. The residents of the Northwest do not want full provincial government and we honor them for good judgment. British Columbia is perhaps the clearest example of government in Canada and yet it takes \$115,000 a year to defray the expenses of the portfolios in their several forms in that province. If then Mr. Martin would only take proper advice before he passes his legislation as to what the constitution will allow him to do which would readily be seen will himself a lot of trouble and mortification and the country a lot of expense. We frankly admit it is to the interest of the country as a whole those should be but one language and one system of schools in the province, but as there are apparently allowed by the constitution, the better plan is to ascertain the least expensive and the most successful method of securing the uniformity desired before an attempt to secure it is ventured upon.

He did not for a moment think that under the existing political circumstances he could any such move as he proposed receive the union of Manitoba with the territories, and he would be accepted. Sir John would not think of allowing it. But the present state of affairs the case could not be carried long; there would soon be a big smash up, and that was the time for that greatest to step forward and assert it self. Such a union would result in an all benefit to the whole country. In my opinion he would like to see the people interested called together in order to discuss the question and ascertain what the true sentiment is. He firmly believes that if opinion was tested it would be found to be overwhelmingly in favor of the proposal. He would do what he could to promote the matter and to bring about a conference.

The foregoing from the Winnipeg Sun, is the result of an interview with Joseph Martin. Anything was required to show the chief and traitor to British interests under the epidemic this does. It does not once seem to Martin that the lands of the Canadian Northwest are virtually hypothesized as security for payment of the government bonds issued for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway and if confederation were to go to some new recruit rebels of the Martin stripe the lands would have to go to outside with the destruction. Following this Manitoba and the Northwest would be saddled with the cost of a postal service that is four or five times as great as the revenue arising from the same. If we retain a tenth of our description, the charges on measurement would eat up the entire proceeds, and the three quarters of a million now voted annually to Manitoba and the Northwest would have to be made up by direct taxation as in the case across

the lines. It is then that the joy of Marvin and all traitors who breathe his atmosphere would be completely full. Give Marvin room to spread and he will spread like the frog in the fable.

It is sincerely to be hoped whatever the electors of Brandon may do they will select a board of good aldermen next Tuesday. Some are of the opinion that because a man owns a lot of real estate, and is a heavy tax payer, he must make a good alderman. If he has the other qualifications, this is a good one; but if he is without the others it may be a very bad one. If the man is of the land shark persuasion, one who is disposed to gobble all the land he can get hands on, hold it for speculative purposes and improve none of it, the city has but little use for him. The first qualification is good judgement, the second enterprise and the third unselfishness. The man in any place who holds land refusing to build on it and declines to sell until he gets his figure is a stumbling block in the way of any plan as he prevents the location in the place of men who have the principle he lacks—enterprise. What the place wants in aldermen the next two or three years are representatives who are not afraid to use the city's credit and resources for securing industries and enterprises provided they are of the character that may be made successful, and who are careful all investments in such ways are fully secured for the welfare of the place. Every thousand expended in that way may be worth five times as much to the place four or five years hence. Let us have more floating mills, foundries, implement shops, wood mills, binding establishments, &c., &c. Let the city encourage them by bonuses if necessary so long as their permanence is assured by reasonable aid. The aldermen the city wants are the men to encourage these, and bring all the railways nearing the city into one centre for traffic purposes.

The Winnipeg Sun, in discussing the feelings of the citizens of Winnipeg towards the Hon. L. M. Jones concludes the people of the hub are a fickle, ungrateful community. We have long since told the Sun this was the case but it was never till now prepared to believe it. Was it not the same fickleness and ungratitude that got up the feeling against Mr. W. B. Scarth, that have aroused it against Mr. Jones? The trouble with Winnipeg is it is like the heart that finds "an aching void the world can never fill." The people are always on the want, and when taken to task they rarely know what they are after. At one time Mr. Scarth was a popular man in Winnipeg; he has done as much for it as many another citizen, but because he failed to speak against the government, though he voted against them in the disallowance question, he was literally ostracized, and no one lent a stronger hand to the set than the Sun. The print now, however, feels inclined to blame the city for a habit in Mr. Scarth's case, at least was chief in establishing.

Joe Martin's view of province making are very like those of Fanny Squier's of matrimony. Fanny used to think all she had to do was to fall in love with a man herself and a wedding was the consequence. Joe thinks all he has to do is to desire the addition or annexation of the Northwest to Manitoba as a province and the thing is done. We venture the opinion he could not get a baker's dozen in the Northwest to day to agree with him.

There is a woman up in Huron county who has four bad husbands and is going to divorce from her fifth. She must be a believer in Woman's full unrestricted reciprocity.

SHORTAGE IN EUROPEAN CROP.

(Chicago Tribune.)

At last the facts in regard to crop shortage in Russia are known approximately. The Government of that country has issued a preliminary statement that the wheat yield is less than that of last year, about 91,000,000 bushels, and that of rice 95,000,000 bushels short. The latter is fully as important as the former, since a large part of the bread eaten in the northern countries of Europe is made from rice, and some other cereal must be drawn upon to fill the void. The wheat crop of last year was given as 268,000,000 bushels, while the average of five years past was 220,000,000. Hence the falling off in wheat production is about 30,000,000 bushels, and without allowing for increase of population during the interval named. With this should also be taken into account the unanticipated statement that Austria Hungary, which usually sends large quantities of grain to the United Kingdom, has not this year supplied barrel to spare from the supply of India, and, while in the last 7 months India has only contributed to Europe 65 per cent of the quantity shipped from the ports of that country in the corresponding months of last year. It is fair to infer that the deficiency arising from these items is more than equal to the additional ability of the United States to export breadstuffs to the Old World unless it shall appear that the lack of wheat and rice will be partially made up by larger imports from our Indian ports. The food question on the other side of the Atlantic may be described as assuming a serious aspect, if not a threatening one.

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OTTAWA JOTTINGS.

From our own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 26.—Sir John Macdonald made a confession Thursday evening when he honored the Ottawa Amateur Athletic Association by opening their new building. He said he had not indulged in athletics since he was a boy and then he generally got "licked." The Premier was looking young as ever, might have added that as a man he had been "licking" his opponents straight along and was not through with them yet.

A STORY OF JUDGE CLARKE.

Good citizens like the Conservatives are the best bedmen, Judge Clarke who is now the C. P. R. solicitor and who appeared before the Railway Committee of the Privy Council the other day, is an example of this. When judge of the united counties of Northumberland and Durham he had to take a stage to get home from Edinburgh in gout circuit. A long lank Yankee set near the door with his feet stretched to the opposite seat. His Honor politely requested room, but the Yankee, taking his cigar from his mouth and surveying the muffled travellers, said coldly "couldn't you take a seat up beside the driver?" Judge Clarke is not very particular in his dress, as few busy men are, but it covers a powerful frame and his reply to the Yankee's insolence was to reach up, take him by the collar and throw him over the stage with such force that they took up the rest and with some time they paid an extra \$15.00 to the schools and assumed the cost of street scavenging. These extra items made nearly three mills on the dollar. This was an explanation for the 17 miles, and it will be out of the power of future councils to bring the rate below 15 miles if they pay at the gate. Our current expenditures are \$11,000 a year and they cannot be materially reduced, and as the interest and sinking fund are fixed by law there is but little hope for much reduction until the place grows. He thanked the people for past support, congratulated them on the choice of a successor, and hoped they would make a wise selection of the Aldermen yet to be elected this year.

CHEWRIGHT'S SPEECH.

St. Richard Cartwright's latest speech attracts absolutely no attention here. It is seen at a glance to be the old general charge and the old war that patriotic Canadians are tired of hearing.

SHOOTING.

Prominent Quebec people are involved in the seizure of large depots of smuggled whiskey along both sides of the lower St. Lawrence by the customs authorities. The contraband stuff is brought in from New England. The statement that prosecutions have been undertaken by the department officials is denied to be true by the Commissioner of Customs. It is said however by the Inland Revenue authorities that the publication of the names of those in Quebec City who profit by the trade would create a big sensation.

THE VICE REGAL RETIREN.

Now that the Governor General and party are home again their narrow escape on the Amherst from a watery grave. The Hon. Edward and Lady Alice Stanley leave today for England where her ladyship will remain all winter, but her husband who is a D. C. S. will return for Xmas, bringing with him for the holidays two of the Queen's young sons, Hon. Victor Stanley, another son, is now at Bermuda with H. M. S. Canada. Mr. Goshen, son of Lord Selborne's chancellor of the Exchequer is a guest of Lord Stanley. The Lady Stanley, two days after her return paid a visit to the Rideau street concert.

All the party speak highly of their trip to the Pacific. His Excellency expressing admiration at the magnitude of the C. P. R. and the almost superhuman work of cutting through the Rocky Mountains. He is destined in his place of the Northwest and its people.

A NEW JUDGE.

Jean Alfred Gagné M. P. is to be appointed a judge of the Superior court of Quebec in place of Judge Cassali, promoted to be Chief Justice instead of Chief Justice Sir Andrew Stuart, resigned. This leaves only one English judge in that court! Mr. Gagné sat in Parliament from 1882 till 1887. He is 47.

CALLED TO THE CABINET.

Charles Caron Colby M. P. for Stanstead has been abroad and accepted the portfolio of President of the Council as Sir John Macdonald's cabinet. The new Minister has represented his county in Parliament since Confederation, having never been defeated.

He is a native of Vermont and a graduate of Dartmouth College. He has been for many years prominent in commercial, financial and legal circles of Stanstead. He was called to the Bar in 1855 and will be sixty two years old next month. He has always been a strong temperance man. He has been Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons since 1887. He was considered last session to have made the strongest speech for the government on the Jesuit question of any man in the House. He is a Protestant and takes the late Mr. Pope's place in the cabinet. The post he takes is now held by the Premier himself but the arrangement is no doubt temporary as there are practically no duties connected with the Presidency of the council.

MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament, it is announced, will meet Nov. 26 though it is not yet definitely known. This is two weeks earlier than last year. Notes.

Lord Stanley started to walk from his office on Friday to Queen's Hall but it was raining so he stopped at his Excellency and Capt. Colville, his secretary, got into a street car and a corporation labourer who happened to be in the car now burst of having ridden with the Queen's Vicar.

The vicarage caused by the sudden death of Dr. Wilson, lay clerk to the House of Commons, is difficult to fill, and control in the premises, and an inspector will be appointed who shall be in charge of the vicarage and who may have the right to nominate the vicar. The vicarage is situated in the northern part of the city, and is a large residence.

The Graham mines at Buckingham, Que., have been sold to an English syndicate for \$100,000.

THE NEW MINISTER.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—At yesterday's meeting of the cabinet it was decided to appoint C. C. Colby, M. P. for Stanstead to the portfolio of president of the privy council. Sir John Macdonald, resigning himself hereafter to the Department of Railways and Canals. Mr. Colby will at once return to his constituency to make arrangements for his election.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

But little excitement was elicited at the City Hall on Tuesday over the nominations.

They resulted in the election of Ald. A. Kelly for mayor by acclamation.

In ward one the candidates are Ald. Russell, John Hanbury and T. Spence.

In ward two the candidates are R. F. Edgar, E. Evans and D. A. Reeser.

In ward four the three candidates of last year are in the field. Ald. Caldwell, Capt. Westcott and C. Pilling.

Polls will be held in wards one, two and four on Tuesday next.

At the retiring Mayor, Fraser said the last council did the best they could for the picture of their city, and that they have been popular, but it was the proper discharge of their duty and not popularity they were after. On taking office they shouldered a deficit of over \$6,000. Last year they paid nearly \$8,000 of it, and this year they took up the rest and with some time they paid an extra \$1500 to the schools and assumed the cost of street scavenging. These extra items made nearly three mills on the dollar. This was an explanation for the 17 miles, and it will be out of the power of future councils to bring the rate below 15 miles if they pay at the gate.

At the election of Ald. Fraser, the late Mayor, he had to take a stage to get home from Edinburgh in gout circuit. A long lank Yankee set near the door with his feet stretched to the opposite seat. His Honor politely requested room, but the Yankee, taking his cigar from his mouth and surveying the muffled travellers, said coldly "couldn't you take a seat up beside the driver?" Judge Clarke is not very particular in his dress, as few busy men are, but it covers a powerful frame and his reply to the Yankee's insolence was to reach up, take him by the collar and throw him over the stage with such force that they took up the rest and with some time they paid an extra \$1500 to the schools and assumed the cost of street scavenging. These extra items made nearly three mills on the dollar. This was an explanation for the 17 miles, and it will be out of the power of future councils to bring the rate below 15 miles if they pay at the gate.

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WHITEWOOD.

PROSPEROUS TOWN ON THE C. P. R. WEST.

About 170 miles to the west of Brandon, singly situated on an eminence, in the centre of a well wooded, well watered and especially good agricultural country in the rising town of Whitewood. While many of the towns of the Canadian Northwest have been more or less founded, since the impress of it, by men or less sheltered pockets of many of the investors. Whitewood was unaffected by the sound of the boomers of the real estate, auctioneers or the silvery tongue of the dry-giving agent, and is certainly all the better for it. As a consequence it has no city limits built on paper or in frenzied imagination, and in without the outlying stakes of the Chicago of the Canadian Northwest. Its growth may have been slow, but it has been substantial and is certain to retain that steady but certain progress for all time in the future. That the country around is favorable to agriculture is fully established by the number of farmers around who have made a success of mixed farming, the healthy agricultural society in the locality, and the number of well developed ranches in the immediate vicinity.

Mr. E. Lamages, one of the pioneer of the place, who located early in 1883 putting up the stone building of which his present premises are the enlargement, the continuation being a handsome red brick veneer, is himself a rancher of no small order. He has some 75 houses among which is the celebrated Skagway Brae, 250 sheep on head of cattle and other stock. He also cultivates very extensively. There is then the Richardson Co., that goes extensively into the sheep raising business into large numbers and owned by Prof. Dr. Richardson, a large landowner. The Bellwood and Richardson are local, and the others foreign corporation, but all possess large farms and are doing well.

There are two large colonies of settlers around French, Scandinavian and Hungarian that are thrifty and promise to be of considerable benefit not only to the locality but to the country as a whole. The celebrated York colony lies to the north and trade between the places is very considerable.

It may truthfully be said that if the late Mr. Marshallay was not the father of the place he was at least one of the first pioneers. He started a general store in a tent in Feb., 1883. This he continued in company with Messrs. Higginson & McClelland for two or three years, when the latter two gentleman withdrew and formed the firm of general trade known as McClelland Higginson & Co., who have a handsome trade, are also dealers and successful.

Mr. Marshallay then formed a partnership with John Knowles but James Knowles later on bought out the business. He is running a very large and profitable business and is a considerate man to do business with. Mr. Marshallay was a member of the Northwest council and died while at his duties. He was an enterprising and highly respected citizen and his death was a blow to Whitewood.

Another pioneer is T. J. Pearson who opened up a canvas hotel in April 1883. He afterwards erected his present very comfortable quarters north of the C.P.R. in which he still continues and is likely to do so to the end. He also farms largely, and is quite a hauler of real estate. His stable, at the rear is also a large and commodious one for the convenience of travellers. The Commercial Hotel is also a very large and comfortable house, owned by Taylor & Wilson, and run by them. It has every convenience for man and beast, and is doing a prosperous business.

On the other leading street is the Woodstock kept by Mr. Breckon. It is the largest hotel in the place, the three combined give the place ample hotel accommodation plenty to meet the requirements of the place for years to come.

Mr. Higgins was formerly a hotel owner in 1883 but his establishment was burned down some time since. He is now in the pork packing and butchering business, and is likely to pick up again in a short time.

There are two harness makers in the place, Mr. Corrigan, late of Brandon, and Mr. McKenzie, the latter carries a large stock for the place and appears to be pushing the war right and left into Africa.

Mr. J. G. Lyons is another of the early settlers of the place. He was the first post master, and latterly transferred the office to D. Campbell, who is a stationer and a magistrate. Mr. Lyons is now the owner of some fine modern stone timber, is agent for the York Colony insurance agent, owner of marriage license, money lender, etc.

The Masonic Mig. Co. are represented by Mr. Baldwin. There are two confectioners in the place, Mr. A. Miller, who makes candy and woodwork, Jas. Gossage in addition to being a confectioner, carpenter and cabinet maker, keeps the only lumber yard in the place, and does a considerable trade.

Twelve years ago G. Robinson put up a small stone grist mill, which is now leased by Mr. Wallace who is working up a fine trade in his home. Mr. Wallace formerly ran the York Colony mill, and before that an institution at High Bluff.

Hill and Raw are the only druggists in the place. They bought out a Mr. Butledge some months since and are finding business very successful. Mr. Raw is a licentiate of Quebec, and Mr. Hill is from Mass. Main and formerly clerk of Emerson, Chase Street is largely in the lumbering business, is a steady business man, and we should say a careful speculator.

W. P. Fitzner, a good natured Dutchman is engaged in the tailoring; he is a good workman and is very properly quite sometime to the future of the place and his own business. There are two blacksmiths in the place, Mr. M. McArthur and Mr. Flaxon, and both are kept quite busy.

Dr. Bird and Dr. Beaman are the medical men of the place, the latter a good naturalized Irishman who holds his qualifications from an Irish institution. He is the son of the late Dr. Beaman of Cork, a gentleman of good repute in his day.

The clergymen are the Rev. Mr. Hamilton, Presbyterian; the Rev. Mr. Nicol, Episcopalian, both resident and having commodious church buildings.

Mr. J. Street deals largely in grain and provisions.

J. H. Knowler is a notary and conveyancer.

There are no lawyers in the place and there are but few men of regard in

The Rev. Mr. Beaman, Methodist, of Brandon, holds services occasionally as does also the Rev. Father Gillies, of the Crofton settlement south of Wapella.

There is one of the best school houses—a two-story stone structure—in the place, and the teacher a young man whose name we have forgotten is giving the best of satisfaction.

There is a new immigrant building just erected in the place. A grain warehouse, a livery stable, a bakershop and a police barracks under the supervision of R. S. Thorsterhouse.

The place requires a shoe shop, a tinsmith, a millinery establishment, a large grist mill and a woolen mill. The shop ranches adjacent would go far towards keeping one of the latter employed.

As good farms adjoining the town can be got at \$8. per acre and at half the money four miles out, the country ought to set up very rapidly and become the home of a large and contented population.

SOURIS (PLUM CREEK).

Miss V. McBlayne left town on Tues. day for her home at Chatham, Ontario. She will be missed by a large circle of acquaintance at Plum Creek.

The trustees of Souris school, have decided to establish a Primary department in the hall above the present school room, with an assistant teacher in charge, at New Years.

There are 80 children of school age (5 to 15 years inclusive) in the Souris school district, according to the census return made by Mr. J. H. Patrick, the secretary.

M. W. A. Ducker and a staff of assistants are surveying a town site at or near Hartney, on the Brandon Souris branch of the C. P. R.

There will be an association football match at the school grounds at 3:30 p.m. on Saturday, Dec. 7th, between the "Rustics" of Glenwood and the "Plum Creek." A lively game is expected.

Mr. C. C. Smith, who for the past four years has been assistant miller in Messrs. McCulloch & Heriot's mill, took his discharge on Wednesday for Birche, where he will take charge of the new mill of Messrs. Marke & Clements. This firm is to be congratulated in securing Mr. Smith as he is a thoroughly good miller.

On Tuesday, Dec. 3rd nominations were made for the Glenwood council in 1890, in the Academy Hall at Souris. The names of Messrs. Hall, W. H. Sonder, F. Sowden, Smith, Staples, and Jos. V. Sowden were nominated for the township. All of these deceased except Messrs. Smith and Staples who are now definitely before the election. Each has had a long experience in municipal matters. It would be hard to say which will win as both are very popular.

For coroners: Messrs. Reid, Hopkins, and Kerr were selected by acclamation. For the county the electors will be called upon to poll their votes for (The Burlington) from St. Paul. It is the fast line.

TO GUARD CROXIN SUSPECTS.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT ANY OUTBREAK—PRISONERS WATCHED.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—From now on to the end of the Cronin trial, the precautions that will be taken to prevent any outbreak in the court room will exceed those employed in the excitement of the anarchist trial. Special bailiffs will guard the doors leading to the street, and no one entering to the court room, and no ladies will be admitted. No press will be admitted to the courtroom except on presentation of a pass signed by the proper authorities, and these will be issued only to people that are well known. These precautions have been adopted as a result of the high feeling among the antagonistic Irish elements, and the fear that some of the speeches in the summing up might provoke trouble in an indiscriminate audience.

It also looks out today that the residence of a prominent ex-member of the triangle, and which is situated but a few blocks from the Chicago avenue police station is being nightly watched by a detective, with facilities for communicating with head-quarters in a few moments. This espionage has been ordered from the fact that the authorities have good reason for believing that a concerted attack upon the residence in question, after the style of wild western methods, might be made at any time. That the suspect in sympathy with the party of numbered physicians, more than determined that his taking shall be avenged, was demonstrated by the immense turnout at Battery D on Saturday night, and at which time the speeches delivered were more personal and bitter denunciations of the triangle than ever before. There is no denying the fact that the trial approaches its conclusion the feeling on both sides increases in intensity, and should the outcome be unfavorable to the prosecution there is no telling the form in which this feeling may manifest itself. At any rate the authorities believing in the supremacy of the law, have evidently thought it well to take early precaution against any attempt on the part of the masses to take the law into their own hands.

A BIG SUCCESS!

O'Gold may make a man rich but it cannot make him happy. I am afflicted with many forms of dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, sore head, bad kidney complaint, etc. I have tried every kind of medicine, including Blood Bitters. It is the best blood cleanser known.

ALL MANITOBRANS

who wish to visit Canada this winter should insist on the R. R. agent giving them a ticket by "The Burlington" from St. Paul. It is the fast line.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

Your railroad agent will have on sale, Nov. 11, 18, 25, and Dec. 2, 9, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 26, also January 6, 7 and 8 tickets at low rates to Toronto, Montreal and other points. When purchasing insist on having your ticket read via C. B. & N. R. R. (The Burlington) from St. Paul to Chicago.

NOT ONLY FOR MEN.

I can say that your Hayward's Yellow Oills is the best thing I ever saw for a cold, common cold, rheumatism and it goes for men or women. Miss M. E. Horner's Oily garment oil, Yellow Oil cures rheumatism and all disease.

St. Andrews Society.

INAUGURATION - SUPPER.

TO FOLLOW THE
LANGHAM - HOTEL,
ON

Thursday Evening Dec. 5th.

All Scotchmen are invited

Tickets for sale by the Secretary or Members of the Committee.

J. C. Sinclair, Secy.

NOT PRETTY BUT IT'S USEFUL.

HOLIDAY SEASON.

Our harvest is commencing at
CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE

Now in the time to send away
Xmas Cards, Booklets, Souvenirs, etc., etc.

Don't Forget Your Friends.
We have a grand array of the above.

IN - PLUSH - AND - LEATHER - GOODS

WE HAVE THE CREAM OF THE MARKET.

Toilet Cases, Travelling Cases, Shaving Cases, Odor Cases, Collar, Cuff and Handkerchiefs Cases, Jewel Cases, Writing Cases filled in, Oxidized Silver, Ivory, Amber and Zylonite.

IN FANCY CHINaware.

All shapes of Cup and Saucers, Platas, Milk Sets, Bisque Statuettes, nic-nacks, Novelties.

100 PHOTO ALBUMS

from 50c to \$15.00 something new in Albums, Photo Frames, Auto Albums.

TOYS ! TOYS ! TOYS !

GAMES ! PUZZLES ! we won't attempt to describe them.

100 Dozen Picture Books.

HALF BOUND BOOKS!

GIFT - BOOKS !

POETS IN BINDING.

BIBLES from 15 cents to \$10.00.
Hymns & Prayer books in cases.

ANNUALS !

Chatterbox, Boys Own, etc. All the popular works.

Thousands of Xmas Presents

Marked at prices to meet every purse.

Don't buy a dollars worth of presents until you see our stock.

The goods were bought to be sold.

CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE,
BRANDON.

SEASONABLE GOODS!

CRANBERRIES

Fresh from the Vines.

CELERY,

Eastern Grown, only a small quantity.

SAUR KRAUT,

Old Reliable Sour Kraut, Genuine Dutch, Bi-marek Brand.

PRUNES,

California Crop 1889, 5 lb. for \$1.00.
See them.

ONIONS

Bermudas and California Reds.

Fall and Winter Apples,

Including Pippins, Talmans, Sweets, Spys, Spitz, Baldwins and Greenings.

DAIRY BUTTER! DAIRY BUTTER!

Immaculate Eggs ! Eggs !

FLOUR,

Lily Mills, \$2.20; White and Prairie Lily, \$2.50; Venus and Ladies' Choice, \$2.75 per Sack.

CODDS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

TERMS CASH.

A Consignment of BUTTER NUTS and HICKORY NUTS on the way.

W. H. HOOPER

J. H. HUGHES.

D. KALER in all kinds of Lumber, Lath and Shingles, Doors, Sash and Frames, Cedar Fence Posts, Telegraph Poles, Tamarac Poles, etc. Agents for Patterson's, J. C. & C. & other lumber companies. J. C. C. & C. Manager and the Famous Moline American Plough.

Office on Rosser, first door east of Queen's Hotel. Yard on 10th St. Brandon. Tel. 122. J. T. BAMSBRIDGE, Manager.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE and RED PINE, WHITE
Wood, Cedar and Birch, Cedar Fence
Posts, Telegraph Poles and
Tamarac Poles.

Mills and Planers on Rainy River.

Office and Yard, Rosser Ave., Brandon.

Branch Yard, Souris.

Phoenix Hall.

L. STOCKTON,

THE PIONEER AND LEADING

Merchant Tailor

THILO TEE FRONT,

and wishes to inform the public and my old customers that I am now giving my whole attention to the Tailoring business and doing my own cutting. For perfect fit and imported stylish goods we have no equal in the city. My stock is the largest in the city, bought expecting an enormous crop of wheat, and at "bottle" prices. We must unload, and have decided to sell almost at any price for cash. Can save you a v. on a suit or overcoat, as in the pants.

Yours to please.

L. STOCKTON.

Go to E. J. BARCLAY

FOR

LUMBER,

SHINGLES, SASH

DOORS AND PAPER.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Agency Western Canada Loan Savings Co.

Fire Marine and Life Insurance.

CATARRH AND COLD IN HEAD HOW CURED

NASAL BALM.

Aromatic and Specifical for
Catarrh, Head and Ear.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING,
HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure.

Failure Impossible.

TURFORD & CO., Pharmacists.

Brussels, Belgium. Sole Importers.

Four books learned from reading.

Every child and adult greatly benefited.

Great 2nd volume to correspondence class.

Prospectus with millions of Dr. Wm. H. Thompson's patients, and thousands of Medical cases.

David G. Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, Dr. M. B. Riley, Dr. D. C. Miller, Dr. W. W. Atkinson, Dr. Wm. Proctor, the dentist, Hon. W. W. Astor, Judge Gibson, Judah P. Benjamin, and others sent post free by Prof. A. LOISSETTE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

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